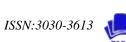
T A D Q I Q O T L A R jahon ilmiy – metodik jurnali



PROBLMS OF CHILDHOOD AND EDUCATION IN CH.DICKENS' WORK

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ABSTRACT

Charles Dickens' works, especially those addressing the problems of childhood and education, are seen as a powerful tool for shedding light on the social injustices of 19th-century England. Dickens' own difficult childhood experiences deeply influenced his writing. Through his works, Dickens highlighted issues such as child labor, poverty, and the lack of education. In works like "Oliver Twist," "David Copperfield," and "Great Expectations," Dickens fought to protect the rights of children and their right to education. His works encourage readers to think more about the rights of children and the necessity for them to receive a good education. Dickens' works have not only influenced literature but also societal changes. His descriptions of the problems of childhood and education have helped raise social awareness and combat these issues.

Keywords: education, childhood, literature, problems, laborer, champion.

INTRODUCTION

Charles Dickens, the eminent Victorian novelist, was a masterful storyteller and a fierce social critic. His works often delve into the stark realities of 19th-century England, particularly the grim conditions of childhood and the deficiencies of the educational system. Dickens' own experiences as a child laborer imbued him with a profound empathy for the underprivileged youth, which is vividly reflected in his literature. In novels such as "Oliver Twist," "David Copperfield," and "Great Expectations," Dickens does not shy away from depicting the harshness of child labor, the brutality of educational institutions, and the indifference of society to the plight of the poor. His characters, often young and innocent, navigate through a world that is indifferent, if not outright hostile, to their struggles and dreams. Dickens' portrayal of these issues is not merely for storytelling; it is a call to action. Through his vivid characterizations and intricate plots, he sought to raise awareness and ignite change in the hearts and minds of his readers. His works serve as a powerful indictment of the social structures of his time, highlighting the need for reform and the importance of compassion and understanding. The introduction to the problems of childhood and education in Dickens' works must, therefore, acknowledge the author's role as both a literary genius and a champion for the rights and well-being of all children.

FINDINGS

T A D Q I Q O T L A R

Charles Dickens, one of the most influential novelists of the Victorian era, often used his literary works to highlight the social injustices of his time, particularly those affecting children and their education. His novels vividly portray the grim realities faced by children in 19th-century England, reflecting his deep concern for their welfare and his desire for social reform. Dickens' own difficult childhood experiences, which included working in a blacking factory and living in a debtor's prison with his family, profoundly influenced his writing. He used his novels as a platform to explore the problems of child labor, poverty, and the lack of access to education, which were rampant during the Industrial Revolution.In works like "Oliver Twist," Dickens exposes the harsh conditions of workhouses where orphaned and impoverished children were sent. The character of Oliver, who is born and raised in a workhouse, embodies the innocence and vulnerability of children subjected to exploitation and abuse. Similarly, in "David Copperfield," Dickens draws on his personal experiences to depict the protagonist's struggle for survival and quest for identity amidst adversity. The character of Jo in "Bleak House" represents the neglected and uneducated children of the streets, while the cruel and absurd Mr. Gradgrind in "Hard Times" personifies the utilitarian approach to education that Dickens vehemently opposed. Through these characters and narratives, Dickens criticizes the societal attitudes that viewed children as mere commodities and education as a rigid, emotionless process. Dickens' advocacy for educational reform is evident in his portrayal of schools and educators who fail to nurture the minds and spirits of their young charges. He champions the idea that education should be accessible to all children, regardless of their social standing, and should aim to foster creativity, empathy, and moral development. The impact of Dickens' work extended beyond literature, as his vivid depictions of the plight of children stirred public awareness and contributed to changes in laws and attitudes towards child labor and education.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, Charles Dickens' literary works offer a profound commentary on the problems of childhood and education during the Victorian era. His narratives, rich with detail and emotion, bring to life the struggles of young characters who face adversity due to societal neglect and the shortcomings of the educational system. Dickens' own challenging childhood experiences lent authenticity to his portrayal of these issues, allowing him to speak with a voice that resonated with empathy and a call for reform.Through characters like Oliver Twist and David Copperfield, Dickens highlighted the dire need for societal change, advocating for the rights and well-being of children. His depiction of the harsh realities of child labor and the deficiencies of the educational system served as a catalyst for social awareness and change. Dickens' works remain a testament to the enduring power of literature to influence society and



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advocate for the vulnerable. The legacy of Dickens' exploration of childhood and education issues continues to be relevant today, reminding us of the importance of protecting the rights of children and ensuring access to quality education for all.

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