

THE SIMILAR MEANINGFUL WORDS BETWEEN IN EASTERN AND WESTERN COUNTRIES

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Abstract: This article provides information about idioms, proverbs and phrases used in western and eastern countries. Mainly, there is talk about the similarity of these phrases, proverbs and idioms. That is, when and under what conditions they are used and how they affect humanity. It gives more information about how these expressions create emotional strength when used than a simple word.

Key words: proverbs, phrases, idioms, affects, mindkind, emotional feeling, strong influence, similarities, sayings, expressions.

In western and eastern countries, phrases and idioms play a very important role, especially when they communicate with each other in their daily life, they use these words a lot. Even without realizing it, they may use these words a lot, so that they fully and clearly understand what the phrase means, even if the idiom does not say the whole version. Moreover, the expressions, articles and idioms in the western and eastern countries are very similar to each other. For instance, there are some sayings in western countries like that, "better late than never=it's better to do something late than not at all, example, here's a present for your birthday last night. The meaning of this saying in eastern countries is "hechdan ko'ra kech". There are a lot like this versions, they are: "when in Rome_(do as the Romans)=Try to behave like the people around you when in a different place=oqimga qarab suz, example: in most places in India, we ate with our fingers", "born with a silver spoon in your mouth=boy oilada tug'ilish, example: his dad's the Marquis of Bath", "birds of a feather flock together=ko'r ko'rni qorong'ida topad, example: Craig is just like the rest of his friends: arrogant.i", "first come, first served=birinchi kelganga, birinchi hizmat ko'rsatiladi, example: arrive early to avoid disappointment", "don't count your chickens before they are hatched=chuchvarani homligida sanama, example don't buy a new dress- you have not been invited to their wedding yet", "there's no smoke without fire=shamolsiz daraxt uchi qimirlamaydi, example: there might be some truth in that rumour about the sports centre closing", "ignorance is bliss=ko'p bilgan ko'p qariydi, example: I don't want to know the election results", "only time will tell=hammasini vaqt ko'rsatad, example: we will have to wait and see what happens" and so on. And also, there are some phrases, examples: "crushed by the weight of your problems=muammolar o'z-o'zidan hal bo'ladi", "churn out possible solutions=yechib bo'lmaydigan narsa yo'q", "well has run dry=sabri tugadi",

"popping up like popcorn=jo‘xori kabi ko‘p bo‘lish" and so on. There are some similar meaning and also interesting phrases, idioms, and proverbs in eastern and western countries.

In conclusion, we can say that people have used these expressions a lot, so it is no exaggeration to say that they have become embedded in the blood of humanity. The purpose of using these phrases a lot is to reinforce the meaning being understood. These expressions will help to make our speech more beautiful and meaningful. This similarity between western and eastern countries is a very convenient and easy way for young people learning the language.

Reference

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