

**STUDYING THE TARIFF AND LEXICAL GRAMMATICAL  
FEATURES OF THE NUMBER CATEGORY IN ENGLISH GRAMMAR**

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**ABSTRACT.** *This article covers category, number category and its specific features and comparison in several languages.*

**Key words:** *category, Grammatical category, category, plural, cryptography.*

**Introduction.** We all know that the term category entered linguistics from philosophy. In philosophy, there is a more legitimate relationship between objective existence and knowledge than a certain essence and it is defined in the form of a general concept reflecting the problems. Also in philosophy category has the same meaning in linguistics. That is, the pair for the category and must be singular. In philosophy, the pair is cause-effect, event-event, whole part; and if singularity is formed by existence, quantity, space, it is under the category term in linguistics is understood as a conflicting binary number category or a plural agreement category. Grammar category is a combination of grammatical meanings reflected in the morphological paradigm. Grammar categories can have one or more indicators.[1] Language is complex studies on the idea that it can be seen as a flexible system is increasing. One of them is the number series. There are many languages used by mankind. And they all have numbers, numbers, counting jobs. Number of words is among the categories is one of the most interesting areas of linguistics. Number is one of the independent word groups: quantity of the subject, numerical order is a group of denotative words. Number also represents the image of a character, like quality and attitude and in this respect it is close to those categories.[2] The quality is the sign of the subject, ravish the sign of the action, and the number means the sign according to the quantity, number and order of the subject. Numbers are used

together with nouns to indicate the sum of several objects, the exact amount (five apples) or represents an indefinite amount (about a hundred flowers). One of the characteristics of numbers another is in their different expressions.[3]

### **Main body**

The number category is one of the important morphological features of nouns, singular and plural based on the forms, a number category is formed. The unity of nouns is expressed without any means. In this case, in English, if a countable object is used in the singular form, although it has “-s” even if there is no suffix, but the indefinite article “a” or “an” is used, and this is the article meaning is equal to the number 1. There is no article in Uzbek grammar. That is, if the subject is plural if it comes without a suffix, then it is in the singular form. And this was not within the framework of a series causes little difficulty or misunderstanding in language learning. Except English the same situation exists in German and French are always plural nouns in English. That is, more precisely as we mentioned, if the object consists of two parts or is a pair, they are always comes with a plural suffix.[4] For example: trousers, glasses, shoes, scissors, trainers and etc. But in Uzbek language they are singular. Russian is the same as English in this regard is different. In Arabic, there is a special binary form, which is a unique feature of the Arabic language is considered In this case, the suffix “-ani, -aini” is applied to nouns (in some cases it affects the stem). will be added. This number category applies not only to nouns, but also to nouns and verbs. is a taluk category. This category is formed in Arabic syntactically and morphologically. In the literature, -s is interpreted as a single affix with multiple meanings.[5] Such an approach is correct only from the historical and etymological point of view. Based on the current grammatical system of the language, Some meanings that are interpreted as characteristic of the affix -lar both in terms of content and function we see that it is formed as an independent morpheme. One of these meanings is the meaning of respect is considered. When added to relative nouns after possessive suffixes, respect means: like fathers, brothers. The suffix -lar added to the participle in the sentence has the meanings of “pinch”, “cut” and “respect”, means They are

admiring everything Emphasis when joining body parts strengthens: hearts, tongues, brains.[6]

### **Conclusion**

In addition, we can write letters, texts and whole works through numbers possible Representation of letters and data using numbers is called cryptography in science. It appeared about 4 thousand years ago. Now we are encryption by numbers we can do the practices. The development of cryptography includes 4 periods. Initially, BC they replaced the original text alphabet with other characters. In the next stages the memory of electromechanical devices is coded by numbers (from the beginning to the middle of the 20th century). In recent times, all electronic information has been encrypted into numbers. Made up of letters the main purpose of data encryption through numbers is to ensure its security, is to preserve the value of confidential information. Quick to code a book or tables containing the set of expressions used is used.

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