

## REFORMS IN THE EDUCATION SYSTEM.

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**Abstract:** Today, all spheres of the life of New Uzbekistan have become a field of deep reforms. In this process, it is impossible not to talk excitedly about the changes in the education system, which is considered the basis of the social sphere. In recent years, in our country, practical work on the organization of all stages of the education system based on modern requirements has entered a decisive stage it will be possible to solve many social problems. Therefore, if I say that the threshold of New Uzbekistan starts from the school, I think that our entire nation will support this idea."

**Key words:** educational system, personnel, science, technology, scientific activity, digital technologies, concept.

Reforms in the higher education system constitute the main part of the reforms implemented in the field of education. In particular, to determine the priorities of the systematic reform of higher education in the Republic of Uzbekistan, to raise the process of training independent thinking highly qualified personnel to a new level in terms of quality, to modernize higher education, based on advanced educational technologies In order to develop the social sphere and economic sectors, the concept of the development of the higher education system of the Republic of Uzbekistan until 2030, approved by the decree of the head of our state on October 8, 2019, serves as a prelude to new reforms in the field. This document includes the acceleration of intellectual development, training of competitive personnel, scientific and In order to effectively organize innovative activities and strengthen international cooperation, tasks such as the development of integration of science, education and production were taken as a basis. The content of the concept reflects the priorities of the reform of the higher education system of our country. It includes expanding the level of coverage and improving the quality of education in higher educational institutions, introducing digital technologies and educational platforms, attracting young people to scientific activities, forming innovative structures, commercializing the results of scientific research, achieving international recognition and other improvements. Plab clearly defined directions. All this serves to raise the educational process to a new level of quality. Today, it is no secret that the world's prestigious higher education institutions are considered to be the great hotbeds of science. Currently, new higher educational institutions and branches of the world's leading universities are being established. For example, in the last 5 years, 47 new higher education institutions, including branches

of foreign universities, were established in our country, and the number of higher education institutions reached 125 is being implemented. Based on the opinion of the population, part-time and evening forms of education have been restored, admission quotas are being increased. The level of enrollment of school graduates in higher education increased from 9% in 2016 to 25% in 2020. A mechanism was created to ensure that professors-teachers can improve their skills and undergo internships in higher education and research centers abroad. Their monthly salary increased by 2.5 times compared to 2018. Since this year, 10 higher education institutions have been transferred to the self-financing system. The number of state grants allocated to higher education has been increased by at least 25%, the number of grants for girls from needy families for admission to higher education institutions has been doubled to 2,000, which has further expanded the scope of higher education coverage one of the most important innovations in the system is the transfer of 65 academic lyceums to higher educational institutions in order to strengthen the cohesion between universities and the lower levels of the education system, as well as 187 technical schools. It is not for nothing that the President of our country started his activities as a leader by meeting with academicians, leading scientists, people of science in general, and focused on harmonizing the development of science with the development of production in our country after that, to improve the health system, to develop the system of printing and distribution of book products, to increase reading, to establish new free economic zones in the republic, to implement the Strategy of Actions for the further development of the country, to develop the concept of the development of Science until 2030 The promotion of science as one of the main issues in the decisions, decrees, and orders regarding the establishment of the International Center of Imam Termizi and many others was a practical expression of this attention. The development of science and innovation, their reliable protection of intellectual property is of particular importance in the process of turning achievements into products with high added value. According to data, the share of intellectual property is 45 percent of the gross domestic product in Europe, 12 percent in China, and 7 percent in Russia. The meeting chaired by our President on October 12, 2020 was dedicated to the topic "Protection of intellectual property - serves as a reliable foundation for the Third Renaissance". At that time, the head of our state paid special attention to the need to ensure cooperation between patent owners and entrepreneurs. In particular, one of the most important documents adopted in the education system is the new Law "On Education" was accepted in the editorial. Based on this law, the main principles, educational system, types and forms in the field of education were clearly defined. Also, according to the law, state higher education, secondary special, professional educational institutions and their branches, state-participated higher, secondary special, professional educational organizations and their branches were established by the decisions of the President or the government.

Establishment of non-state educational institutions was determined to be carried out by their founders. The license to non-governmental educational organizations was issued by the State Inspectorate for Quality Control of Education. Accordingly, we can say that the adoption and implementation of this Law was one of the most important documents adopted in the field of education. In recent years, the reforms implemented in the field of education in Uzbekistan are consistently implemented at Namangan State University. Consequently, in the next three years, the number of faculties was increased from 9 to 15, the number of specialty departments was increased from 27 to 46, the number of nutrition areas was increased from 31 to 52, and the number of master's degrees was increased from 12 to 26. Correspondingly, the number of university students with a desire for knowledge increased from 5,100 to 21,000. The number of professors increased from 470 to 710. Until the 2018-2019 academic year, the university has 26 faculties, and no specialized council has been operating. In recent years, great attention has been paid to the training of scientific pedagogues, the scientific potential has increased by 37 percent, and today 9 specialized councils are operating in 12 specialties to ensure the quality of education.

In particular, in this regard, the goal of filling the ranks of the university's scientific-pedagogical personnel with potential personnel was determined at the expense of doctoral students studying at 17 basic doctoral programs. Until recently, the university mainly trained specialists for the pedagogical field. Today, at the university, the organization and management of Archeology, Culture and art institutions, Sociology, Jurisprudence (by types of activities), Library and information activities (by types of activities), Zooengineering: fisheries, Fruit growing and viticulture, Medicine plant growing and processing technology, Vegetable, rice and potato growing, Greenhouse organization and management, Social work (in various fields of activity), Hotel organization and management, Tourism (areas of activity) on), and starting from 2021, the training of personnel in areas such as treatment work, pediatric work, shows that our university is truly becoming the intellectual center of our region.

### **Conclusion:**

To conclude, the promising tasks implemented in the field of education are not inferior to the reforms in other fields in terms of their relevance and practical importance. Because it is the demand of the times to continue the reforms in this field on a larger scale. In the 21st century, which is known as the age of information technology, in order to create high progress in all aspects of life - industry, construction, chemistry, agriculture, textiles, machinery and other fields development of science, creation of innovations in this regard has become a vital necessity. This process is now recognized in all developed countries in the world. Special attention is paid to this process in our republic.

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